# PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

**GPS RECEIVING UNIT** 

MODEL: CCA-552JZ1

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JRC Japan Radio Co., Ltd.

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### 1. COMPONENTS LIST

Item	Type	Qty	Remarks
Receiving Unit	CCA-552JZ1	1	

#### 2. RECEIVING UNIT SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 GENERAL

Receiving Method: Multi-channel (Receiving: 12channels,

SBAS Receiving: 1channel, Special search: 1channel)

Receiving Frequency: 1575.42MHz (L1), C/A code

Sensitivity: Acquisition: -135dBm (at NAY-3700S5 antenna receiving level)

Re-acquisition: -138dBm (at NAY-3700S5 antenna receiving level)
Tracking: -150dBm (at NAY-3700S5 antenna receiving level)

Dynamic Range: 25dB

Fixing Method: ALL IN VIEW

DATUM: WGS-84 (default, 46 datums selectable)

**Accuracy** 

Alone GPS System Accuracy

Position: 10m 2dRMS (SA off, PDOP=2.5, HDOP=1.5) Speed: 0.04m/sec. RMS (SA off, PDOP=2.5, HDOP=1.5)

Course:  $0.14 \circ (SA \text{ off, speed} = 60 \text{km/h, PDOP} = 2.5, HDOP = 1.5)$ 

**DGPS** 

Position: 7 m 2dRMS (example)

**SBAS** 

Position: 9m 2dRMS (example)

**Dynamic Capability** 

Maximum Velocity: 200km/h Maximum Acceleration: 19.6m/s<sup>2</sup>

Time To First Fix (no signal loss)

HOT START: 8sec. typical WARM START: 33sec. typical COLD START: 40sec. typical

Re-acquisition Time: 3sec. (within 5 sec. block out)

DGPS Capability: RTCM SC-104 version 2.1, 1200bps (Type 1,2,9)

Position Fix Data Output Rate: 1sec.

**SBAS Performance:** 

Differential Correction Valid
Ranging Invalid
Integrity Invalid

Data I/O

Interface: CMOS level (3.3V)

Output: TXD0 4800bps (Position Data Output)
Input: RXD0 4800bps (Initial Setting Data Input)
RXD1 1200bps (DGPS Correction Data Input)

Data Output Format: NMEA Format 2.28A

**Power Requirements** 

Main Power: Vcc: +3.3Vdc  $\pm 5\%$ , 100mVp-p ripple (max.)

Consumption Current: Icc: 88mA typical (+3.3Vdc, 25 , except for antenna)

100mA max. (+3.3Vdc, 25 , except for antenna) 105mA max. (+3.465Vdc, 70 , except for antenna)

Backup Power (SRAM&RTC): Vbu: +2.2 to Vcc Vdc

Consumption Current: Ibu:  $5 \mu A \text{ typical (+3.3Vdc, 25)}$  $50 \mu A \text{ max. (+3.465Vdc, 70)}$ 

Vant: 12 0 to 15 25 Vdc

Input Power for Active Antenna: Vant: +3.0 to +5.25Vdc Consumption Current: Iant: 5 to 30mA

Incorporated Battery: No

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Connectors

RF Connector: UM-QPJ-FHSB-1(70) (Hirose) I/O Connector: MA44-10PA-SH(70) (Hirose) Size:  $19mm(H) \times 27mm(W) \times 7.5mm(D)$ 

Weight: 8g (approx.)

**Temperature** 

Operating: -30 to +70 Storage: -40 to +85

# 2.2 I/O CONNECTOR PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN	PIN	DESCRIPTION	PARAMETER	TEST		VALUE		UNIT
No.	NAME			CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
2 PPS		PPS Output	Output Level High (Voн)	I <sub>OH</sub> =-8mA	Vcc-0.4		Vcc	V
			Output Level Low (V <sub>OL</sub> )	I <sub>OL</sub> =8mA			+0.4	
3 Vbu		Backup Power Input	Supply Voltage (Vbu)	Vbu Vcc	+2.2	+3.3	Vcc	Vdc
		-	Supply Current (Ibu)	Vbu=+3.3V, 25		5		μA
				Vbu=+3.465V, 70			50	
4 TXD0	TXD0	D0 Position Data Output	Output Level High (Voн)	I <sub>OH</sub> =-8mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.4		Vcc	V
			Output Level Low (Vol)	I <sub>OL</sub> =8mA		1	+0.4	
5	RXD0	Initial Setting Data Input	Input Level High (V <sub>IH</sub> )		2		V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
			Input Level Low (V <sub>IL</sub> )		-0.3	1	0.8	
6 Vc	Vcc	Main Power Input	Supply Voltage (Vcc)		+3.135	+3.3	+3.465	Vdc
			Supply Current (Icc)	Vcc=+3.3V, 25		88	100	mA
				Vcc=+3.465V, 70			105	
7	Vant	nt Active Antenna Power Input	Supply Voltage (Vant)		+3.0		+5.25	Vdc
			Supply Current (Iant)		5		30	mA
8	RXD1	DGPS Correction	Input Level High (V <sub>IH</sub> )		2		Vcc+0.3	V
		Data Input	Input Level Low (V <sub>IL</sub> )		-0.3		0.8	
10	GND	Ground						

Pin No.1 and No.9 shall be left open.

# 2.3 RF CONNECTOR

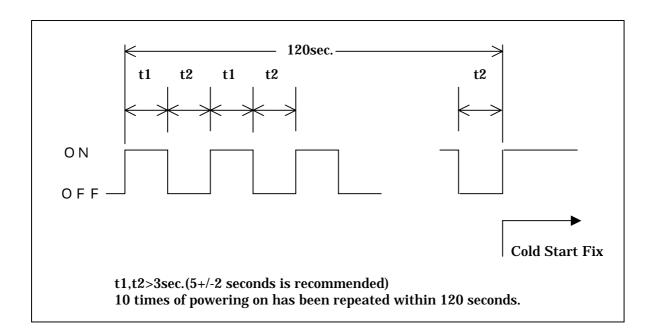
NAME	PARAMETER		VALUE		UNIT	REMARKS
			MIN	MAX		
RF	AC	Nominal Impedance	50			
CON- NECTOR		VSWR		2.2		@f=1575.42 ± 1MHz

# 2.4 CSF(Cold Start Fix) Starting Term

- 1)When a RAM error is detected in the RAM pattern check that has been conducted at powering on.
- 2) When an RTC read error is detected.
- 3)When power has been turned on and off in the patter shown in Figure.
- 4) When the CSF start command is used for turning the CSF on.
- 5)When the Fail-safe function have detected an abnormal state of the GPS receiver.

#### \*\* Fail-safe function \*\*

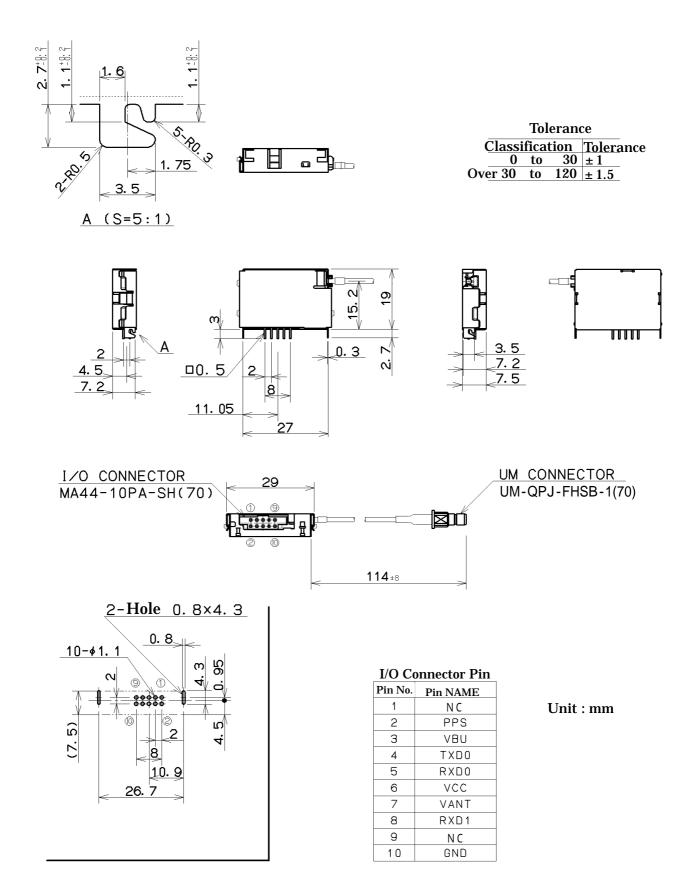
If the non-positioning state continues for ten minutes, one of 13 channels is assigned to PCSF (Partial Cold Start Fix) function, and other than satellites can be searched. If GPS receiver detected an abnormal state during PCSF operation, this is regarded as an impossible event, and the CSF is started.



When the CSF has started, latitude, longitude and altitude and control parameters (DATUM, Smoothing level, output format, etc.) will be reset to indicate the default values, and time data will be also reset to indicate "00 (Y) 1(M) 1(D) 00 (H) 00 (MIN) 00 (SEC)".

Therefore, when you use the GPS receiver at different values of the parameter from the default value, you need to reset your values again.

# 2.5 OUTLINE DRAWINGS



#### 3 **RECOMMENDED ANTENNA**

**Recommended Antenna:** NAY-3700S5 Type: Active

Overall Performance (Antenna+LNA+Cable)

16dBi min. (Elevation=90 Degrees,-30 ~+85 )

**Output Impedance:** 50 **VSWR**: 2.0 max. **Power Source:**  $3.0 \pm 0.3 V$ **Current consumption:** Less 17mA **RF Connector:** SMB Plug

Antenna Part[Following specification in defined in case the Gound plane(65mm × 65mm) is fitted]

Gain Coverage: 2 dBi min. (Elevation=90 Degrees)

-5dBi min. (Elevation=10 Degrees)

Polarization: **RHCP** 

**Axial Ratio:** 4.0dB max. (Elevation=90 Degrees)

Low Noise Amplifier (LNA) Part

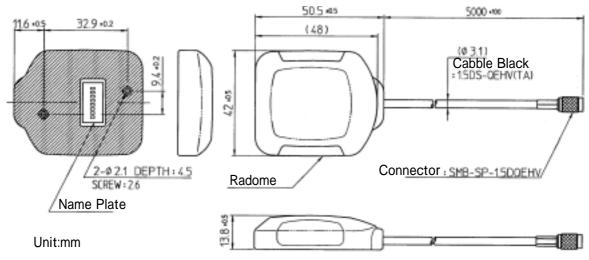
Power Gain: 20dB min.(-30  $\sim +85$  ),Exclude cable loss

Noise Figure:  $2.0 \text{ dB max.}(-30 \sim +85)$ 

**Receiving Frequency width:**  $1575.42 \pm 1.023$ MHz

Out of Band Rejection: 20dB min.(at 1575.42MHz ± 50MHz)

Cable: 1.5D Coax. Cable, 5m long

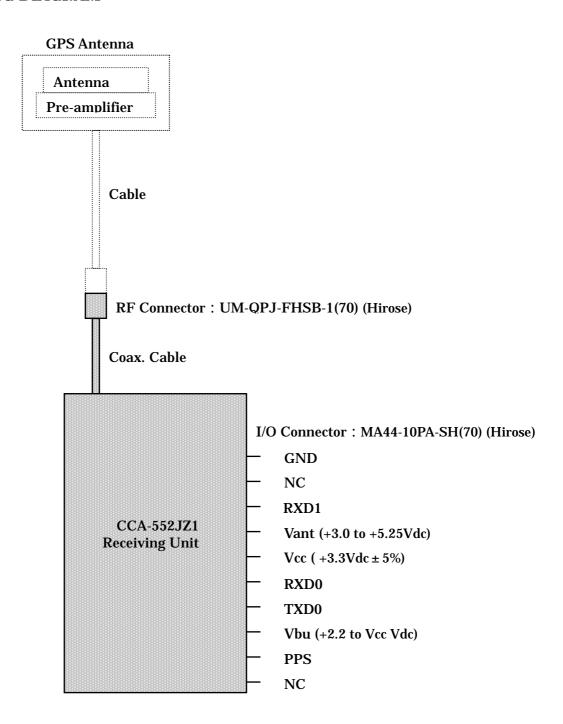


**Tolerance** 

(Unless overwise specified): ± 0.3

NAY-3700S5 OUTLINE DRAWINGS

# 4 WIRING DIAGRAM



Pin # and shall be left open.

#### 5 NOTICE FOR HANDLING

## 5.1 Maximum Rating

Do not use over maximum rating because if use over maximum rating it is doubt become the fault.

#### 1)Power Voltage:Vcc

Maximum voltage

It is regulated maximum voltage which conpermit input voltage between input terminal and GND.

Once over the maximum voltage is inputted, it is become the reason of faulty.

#### 2)Input Voltage

It is regulated maximum voltage to input terminal.

Once over the maximum voltage is inputted, it is become the reason of faulty.

#### 3)Operating Temperature

It is the temperature rang which can have a guarantee for operating corestly. Once over the temperature rang it is become the reason of faulty or it is doubt that can not have the satisfy of the function of GPS.

## 4)Storage Temperature

It is the temperature range which unit is strong in case storage temperature is over this temperature rang, it is become the reason of faulty or it can not have a satisfy of the function.

#### 5.2 Caution for Installation

In case handle with this unit, be careful against a static electricity.

It is not that unit will be damaged by a static electricity.

Specially, handle with I/O connector, be careful against a static electricity.

Do not touch the RF connector and I/O connector dirty with hand.

#### **5.3 Notice for Storage**

- 1) Do not storage the place where corrosion gas will be generated or exist many dusts.
- 2) Do not storage the place where temperature rang will be change widely because the dewdrop will be formed therefor.

### 5.4 Transportation

- 1) Do not throw, do not drop, otherwise unit itself will be damaged.
- 2) Protect from water, when transport in the rain/snow, protect from them.

#### **5.5 Overcurrent Protection**

GPS Receiving Unit dose not have a fuse for overcurrent protect.

Please put a fuse for overcurrent protect in your system because the prevention of danger.