



$$-U_0 + \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot U_0 - \frac{R + \frac{1}{2j\omega C}}{R + \frac{1}{2j\omega C} + 2R \parallel \frac{1}{j\omega C}} U_0 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{R + \frac{1}{2j\omega C}}{R + \frac{1}{2j\omega C} + \frac{2R}{2Rj\omega C + 1}}$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{2j\omega CR + 1}{2j\omega CR + 1 + \frac{2j\omega CR}{2j\omega CR + 1}}$$

$$\frac{R_2}{R_1} = \frac{2j\omega CR}{(2j\omega CR + 1)^2}$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{(2j\omega CR)^2 + 4j\omega CR + 1}{2j\omega CR}$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = 2j\omega CR + 2 + \frac{1}{2j\omega CR}$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \underbrace{\left(2\omega CR - \frac{1}{2\omega CR}\right)}_{!0} \cdot j + 2$$

$$\underline{\underline{R_1 = 2 R_2}}$$

$$2\omega CR = \frac{1}{2\omega CR}$$

$$4\omega^2 C^2 R^2 = 1$$

$$2\omega CR = 1$$

$$\omega = \frac{1}{2CR} \rightarrow f = \frac{1}{4\pi CR}$$